## Chemical resistance of plastics

	PS	ABS	PC	PC/ABS blend	PA	UP-GF Polyester
Acetone					+	
Formic acid	40 %					10 %
Ammonia	+	25 %			10 %	
Benzene			0		+	
Brake fluid	Δ	0			+	+
Butane		+	+	+	+	Δ
Butanol	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	+	+
Calcium chloride	+	+	+	Δ	10%	+
Chlorine benzole					+	+
Diesel oil		+	0	Δ	+	+
Acetic acid	50 %	25 %	10 %	10 %	5 %	10 %
Formaldehyde	40 %	30 %	Δ	Δ	0	30 %
Frigen 113	Δ		+		+	+
Fruit juice	Δ	Δ	+	Δ	+	+
Glycerine	+	+	0	Δ	+	+
Heating oil		0	0	Δ	+	+
Hydraulic oil	Δ	Δ	+		+	+
Caustic potash solution	50 %	50 %			50 %	
Potassium chloride	+	Δ	+	Δ	10 %	+
Potassium hydroxide	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	
Linseed oil	+	+	+	+	+	+
Methanol	Δ	Δ		Δ	0	
Methylene chloride					0	
Lactic acid	80 %	80 %	+	+	0	+
Mineral oils	Δ	Δ	+	Δ	+	+
Engine oils	0	+	+	Δ	+	+
Sodium carbonate	+	+	+	Δ	10 %	+
Sodium chloride	+	+	+	+		+
Sodium hydroxide	Δ	+	Δ	Δ	Δ	
Soda lye	50 %	50 %			+	40 %
Nitric acid	10 %		10 %	Δ		10 %
Hydrochloric acid	10 %	0	20 %	Δ		
Lubricating oil	Δ	Δ	+	Δ	+	+
Carbon disulphide					+	
Sulphuric acid	50 %	50 %	50 %	50 %		
Soap suds	Δ	Δ	0	Δ	Δ	+
Detergents	Δ	Δ	+	+	Δ	Δ
Turpentine oil		Δ	0	Δ	+	+
Hydrocarbon tetrachloride			Δ		+	+
Toluol					+	
Trichloroethylene					+	
Water (distilled, river, tap, sea)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Tartaric acid	+	+	+	+	10 %	+
Xylol					+	+
Zinc sulphate	+	+	+	+	Δ	+
Citric acid	+	+	10 %	+	Δ	+

Symbols

resistant to all concentrationsresistant to this max.

percentage concentration

 resistant under certain conditions

--- not resistant

△ no information available

Unless otherwise stated, the tests were carried out at room temperature.

If different media coincide, resistances may change; consequently, we cannot accept any liability for these data.